# Goat Herd Health



### The 4 Pillars of Goat Herd Health

The most complete and effective Herd Health Success Plan for producers includes four key steps.

ldentify	<ul> <li>The first step to managing animal health is identifying the individual to support and providing customized treatment and performance tracking.</li> <li>With a toolkit of sizes, colors and types ALLFLEX<sup>®</sup> lets you sort, manage and market your herd like a pro.</li> </ul>
Deworm	<ul> <li>Parasite resistance is a growing problem in the goat industry.<sup>1</sup></li> <li>The primary parasites of concern are barber pole worms (<i>Haemonchus</i>) and brown stomach worms (<i>Teladorsagia</i>) often found in grass pastures.<sup>1</sup></li> <li>Goat producers should develop sustainable management practices that include proper use of deworming products.</li> <li>SAFE-GUARD<sup>®</sup> (fenbendazole) is an effective and safe tool in the war on worms.</li> </ul>
Vaccinate	<ul> <li>Goats need protection against common clostridial diseases that may be present in the environment.</li> <li>Clostridia are a class of anaerobic bacteria that form spores and are commonly found in soils and in the digestive tracts of people and animals.</li> <li>Goats can be exposed to these spores through eating contaminated feed or pastures and also through open wounds.</li> <li>BOVILIS<sup>®</sup> VISION<sup>®</sup> CD-T with SPUR<sup>®</sup> offers protection against the most common clostridial diseases affecting goats.</li> </ul>
Control	<ul> <li>External parasites can stress your goats and rob your operation of production gains.</li> <li>Flies, lice, and ticks feed on body tissues and may transmit diseases to healthy animals or cause itching and irritation that may lead to bacterial infections.</li> <li>These pests are rarely fatal, but they can cause anemia, reduced weight gain and lowered milk production.</li> <li>ULTRA BOSS<sup>®</sup> is an easy to use, pour-on permethrin insecticide safe for use on lactating and non-lactating goats.</li> </ul>

<sup>1</sup> Kaplan, Ray; DVM, PhD, DAVCM, DEVPC, Professor of Parasitology, Department of Infectious Diseases, College of Veterinary Medicine, University of Georgia. "The Changing Landscape of Parasite Control in Small Ruminants: What Practitioners Need to Know" presented at the American Association of Small Ruminant Practioners, September 2020, Louisville, KY.

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# Identify ALLFLEX<sup>®</sup> Tags

Easily identify to support and provide customized treatment and performance tracking.



#### Deworm SAFE-GUARD<sup>®</sup> (fenbendazole) Suspension (Drench)

A single application, low-dose volume suspension with easy-to-use applicator gun for accurate, stress-free deworming.



### Vaccinate BOVILIS<sup>°</sup> VISION<sup>°</sup> CD-T with SPUR<sup>°</sup>

Shown effective against: • Clostridium tetani (Tetanus) • C. perfringens Types C & D (Enterotoxemia)



## **Control** ULTRA BOSS<sup>®</sup>

An easy to use, pour-on permethrin insecticide safe for use on lactating and non-lactating goats.

## SYNERGIZED DELICE®

Pour-on insecticide and premise spray for fly, gnat, mosquitoes, fleas and other insect prevention.









IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION: Goats must not be slaughtered for food within 6 days following last treatment. Because a withdrawal time in milk has not been established, do not use in lactating goats.



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