

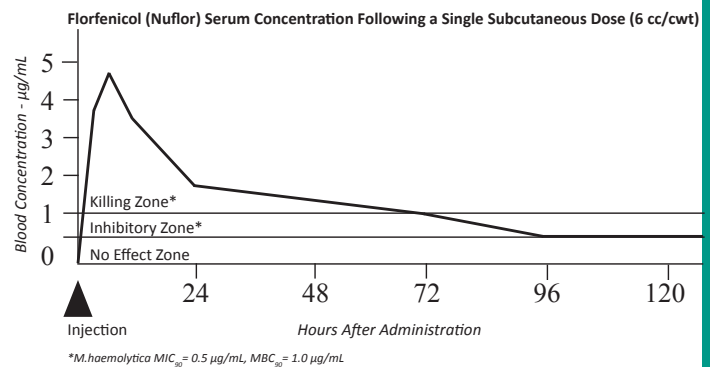
Known for its fast and proven performance, along with batch to batch consistency NUFLOR® (florfenicol) is still proving to be the #1 florfenicol sold in the market and the one cattlemen can count on since 1996. Merck Animal Health is dedicated to providing confidence to customers for all of their cattle health needs and to helping them meet their antibiotic use goals.

Legacy of Data

- Nuflor is a trusted product with over two decades of outstanding performance and counting.
- Studied in thousands of cattle in 20+ studies, Nuflor continues to demonstrate strong efficacy and safety over and over again.¹

Fast-Acting

- Fast: A fast-acting lipophilic antibiotic designed to quickly penetrate tissues.
- Proven: Nuflor is proven to target two of the major Bovine Respiratory Disease (BRD) causing bacteria in just 24 hours.²
- Performance: Within 30 minutes following administration of Nuflor, florfenicol concentration surpasses the MIC90 for major BRD bacteria.



Consistent

- Trust in the consistent supply of Nuflor - there when you need it.
- Each batch of Nuflor is tested prior to release to ensure it meets the rigorous standards set at approval.

Count on Merck Animal Health

- We offer a portfolio of treatment and prevention solutions alongside Nuflor to fit your cattle health needs.
- Helping meet your antibiotic use goals, Florfenicol is the only compound in its class used exclusively in food animals.
- Added benefits with a broad range of products, a legacy of industry and sales support, a history of customer service, outstanding technical services team, and an experienced pharmacovigilance group.

Important Safety Information

Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 28 days of the last intramuscular treatment. Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 38 days of subcutaneous treatment. Do not use in female dairy cattle 20 months of age or older. Use of florfenicol in this class of cattle may cause milk residues. A withdrawal period has not been established in preruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal.



IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION: NOT FOR HUMAN USE. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

This product contains materials that can be irritating to skin and eyes. **RESIDUE WARNINGS:** Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 28 days of the last intramuscular treatment. Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 38 days of subcutaneous treatment. Do not use in female dairy cattle 20 months of age or older. Use of florfenicol in this class of cattle may cause milk residues. A withdrawal period has not been established in preruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal. Not for use in animals intended for breeding purposes. The effects of florfenicol on bovine reproductive performance, pregnancy, and lactation have not been determined. Intramuscular injection may result in local tissue reaction which persists beyond 28 days. This may result in trim loss of edible tissue at slaughter. Tissue reaction at injection sites other than the neck is likely to be more severe.

¹Data On File. Based upon gross dollar sales per Animalytics Sept 2019. 60% share. Data On File. Jocelyn Straight collection of studies available from Technical Services, October 2019. Nuflor FOI 1996.

²Varma, KJ, Lockwood PW, Cosgrove MS, Rogers ER, Pharmacology, Safety and Clinical Efficacy of Nuflor (florfenicol) Following Subcutaneous Administration to Cattle. Proceedings of a Symposium Held in Conjunction with the XX World Buiatrics Congress. Sydney, Australia. July 1998: 13-19.

Injectable Solution 300 mg/mL

**For intramuscular and subcutaneous use in beef and non-lactating dairy cattle only.
Not for use in female dairy cattle 20 months of age or older or in calves to be processed for veal.**

CAUTION Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

DESCRIPTION NUFLOOR Injectable Solution is a solution of the synthetic antibiotic florfenicol. Each milliliter of sterile NUFLOOR Injectable Solution contains 300 mg of florfenicol, 250 mg N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone, 150 mg propylene glycol, and polyethylene glycol qs. The chemical name for florfenicol is *2,2-Dichloro-N-[1-(fluoromethyl)-2-hydroxy-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]ethyl]acetamide*.

INDICATIONS NUFLOOR Injectable Solution is indicated for treatment of bovine respiratory disease (BRD) associated with *Mannheimia haemolytica*, *Pasteurella multocida*, and *Histophilus somni*, and for the treatment of bovine interdigital phlegmon (foot rot, acute interdigital necrobacillosis, infectious pododermatitis) associated with *Fusobacterium necrophorum* and *Bacteroides melaninogenicus*. Also, it is indicated for the control of respiratory disease in cattle at high risk of developing BRD associated with *Mannheimia haemolytica*, *Pasteurella multocida*, and *Histophilus somni*.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION For treatment of bovine respiratory disease (BRD) and bovine interdigital phlegmon (foot rot): NUFLOOR Injectable Solution should be administered by intramuscular injection to cattle at a dose rate of 20 mg/kg body weight (3 mL/100 lbs). A second dose should be administered 48 hours later. Alternatively, NUFLOOR Injectable Solution can be administered by a single subcutaneous (SC) injection to cattle at a dose rate of 40 mg/kg body weight (6 mL/100 lbs). Do not administer more than 10 mL at each site. The injection should be given only in the neck.

NOTE: Intramuscular injection may result in local tissue reaction which persists beyond 28 days. This may result in trim loss of edible tissue at slaughter. Tissue reaction at injection sites other than the neck is likely to be more severe.

For control of respiratory disease in cattle at high-risk of developing BRD: NUFLOOR Injectable Solution should be administered by a single subcutaneous injection to cattle at a dose rate of 40 mg/kg body weight (6 mL/100 lbs). Do not administer more than 10 mL at each site. The injection should be given only in the neck.

NUFLOR Injectable Solution DOSAGE GUIDE		
ANIMAL WEIGHT (lbs)	IM NUFLOR DOSAGE 3.0 mL/100 lb Body Weight (mL)	SC NUFLOR DOSAGE 6.0 mL/100 lb Body Weight (mL)
100	3.0	6.0
200	6.0	12.0
300	9.0	18.0
400	12.0	24.0
500	15.0	30.0
600	18.0	36.0
700	21.0	42.0
800	24.0	48.0
900	27.0	54.0
1000	30.0	60.0

Recommended Injection Location



Do not inject more than 10 mL per injection site.

Clinical improvement should be evident in most treated subjects within 24 hours of initiation of treatment. If a positive response is not noted within 72 hours of initiation of treatment, the diagnosis should be re-evaluated.

CONTRAINDICATIONS Do not use in animals that have shown hypersensitivity to florfenicol.

WARNINGS: NOT FOR HUMAN USE. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. This product contains materials that can be irritating to skin and eyes. Avoid direct contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. In case of accidental eye exposure, flush with water for 15 minutes. In case of accidental skin exposure, wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Consult a physician if irritation persists. Accidental injection of this product may cause local irritation. Consult a physician immediately. The Safety Data Sheet (SDS) contains more detailed occupational safety information.

For customer service, adverse effects reporting, and/or a copy of the SDS, call 1-800-211-3573.

PRECAUTIONS: Not for use in animals intended for breeding purposes. The effects of florfenicol on bovine reproductive performance, pregnancy, and lactation have not been determined. Toxicity studies in dogs, rats, and mice have associated the use of florfenicol with testicular degeneration and atrophy. Intramuscular injection may result in local tissue reaction which persists beyond 28 days. This may result in trim loss of edible tissue at slaughter. Tissue reaction at injection sites other than the neck is likely to be more severe.

RESIDUE WARNINGS: Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 28 days of the last intramuscular treatment. Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 38 days of subcutaneous treatment. This product is not approved for use in female dairy cattle 20 months of age or older, including dry dairy cows. Use in these cattle may cause drug residues in milk and/or in calves born to these cows. A withdrawal period has not been established in pre-ruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal.

ADVERSE REACTIONS Inappetence, decreased water consumption, or diarrhea may occur transiently following treatment.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY The pharmacokinetic disposition of NUFLOR Injectable Solution was evaluated in feeder calves following single intramuscular (IM) administration at the recommended dose of 20 mg/kg body weight. NUFLOR Injectable Solution was also administered intravenously (IV) to the same cattle in order to calculate the volume of distribution, clearance, and percent bioavailability¹ (Table 1).

TABLE 1. Pharmacokinetic Parameter Values for Florfenicol Following IM Administration of 20 mg/kg Body Weight to Feeder Calves (n=10).

Parameter	Median	Range
C _{max} (µg/mL)	3.07*	1.43 - 5.60
t _{max} (hr)	3.33	0.75 - 8.00
T _{1/2} (hr)	18.3**	8.30 - 44.0
AUC (µg•min/mL)	4242	3200 - 6250
Bioavailability (%)	78.5	59.3 - 106
Vd _{ss} (L/kg)***	0.77	0.68 - 0.85
Cl _t (mL/min/kg)***	3.75	3.17 - 4.31

* harmonic mean

** mean value

*** following IV administration

C_{max} Maximum serum concentration

T_{max} Time at which C_{max} is observed

T_{1/2} Biological half-life

AUC Area under the curve

Vd_{ss} Volume of distribution at steady state

Cl_t Total body clearance

Florfenicol was detectable in the serum of most animals through 60 hours after intramuscular administration with a mean concentration of 0.19 µg/mL. The protein binding of florfenicol was 12.7%, 13.2%, and 18.3% at serum concentrations of 0.5, 3.0, and 16.0 µg/mL, respectively.

MICROBIOLOGY Florfenicol is a synthetic, broad-spectrum antibiotic active against many Gram negative and Gram-positive bacteria isolated from domestic animals. It acts by binding to the 50S ribosomal subunit and inhibiting bacterial protein synthesis. Florfenicol is generally considered a bacteriostatic drug, but exhibits bactericidal activity against certain bacterial species. *In vitro* studies demonstrate that florfenicol is active against the bovine respiratory disease (BRD) pathogens *Mannheimia haemolytica*, *Pasteurella multocida*, and *Histophilus somni*, and that florfenicol exhibits bactericidal activity against strains of *M. haemolytica* and *H. somni*. Clinical studies confirm the efficacy of florfenicol against BRD as well as against commonly isolated bacterial pathogens in bovine interdigital phlegmon including *Fusobacterium necrophorum* and *Bacteroides melaninogenicus*.

The minimum inhibitory concentrations (MICs) of florfenicol for BRD organisms were determined using isolates obtained from

natural infections from 1990 to 1993. The MICs for interdigital phlegmon organisms were determined using isolates obtained from natural infections from 1973 to 1997 (Table 2).

TABLE 2. Florfenicol Minimum Inhibitory Concentration (MIC) Values* of Indicated Pathogens Isolated From Natural Infections of Cattle.

Indicated pathogens	Year of isolation	Isolate Numbers	MIC ₅₀ ** (µg/mL)	MIC ₉₀ ** (µg/mL)
<i>Mannheimia haemolytica</i>	1990 to 1993	398	0.5	1
<i>Pasteurella multocida</i>	1990 to 1993	350	0.5	0.5
<i>Histophilus somni</i>	1990 to 1993	66	0.25	0.5
<i>Fusobacterium necrophorum</i>	1973 to 1997	33	0.25	0.25
<i>Bacteroides melaninogenicus</i>	1973 to 1997	20	0.25	0.25

* The correlation between the *in vitro* susceptibility data and clinical effectiveness is unknown.

** The lowest MIC to encompass 50% and 90% of the most susceptible isolates, respectively.

ANIMAL SAFETY A 10X safety study was conducted in feeder calves. Two intramuscular injections of 200 mg/kg were administered at a 48-hour interval. The calves were monitored for 14 days after the second dose. Marked anorexia, decreased water consumption, decreased body weight, and increased serum enzymes were observed following dose administration. These effects resolved by the end of the study.

A 1X, 3X, and 5X (20, 60, and 100 mg/kg) safety study was conducted in feeder calves for 3X the duration of treatment (6 injections at 48-hour intervals). Slight decrease in feed and water consumption was observed in the 1X dose group. Decreased feed and water consumption, body weight, urine pH, and increased serum enzymes, were observed in the 3X and 5X dose groups. Depression, soft stool consistency, and dehydration were also observed in some animals (most frequently at the 3X and 5X dose levels), primarily near the end of dosing.

A 43-day controlled study was conducted in healthy cattle to evaluate effects of NUFLOR Injectable Solution administered at the recommended dose on feed consumption. Although a transient decrease in feed consumption was observed, NUFLOR Injectable Solution administration had no long-term effect on body weight, rate of gain, or feed consumption.

STORAGE INFORMATION Store between 2°-30°C (36°-86°F). Refrigeration is not required. Use within 30 days of first puncture. For the 100mL vials, puncture the stopper a maximum of 3 times. For the 250mL and 500mL vials, puncture the stopper a maximum of 17 times.

HOW SUPPLIED NUFLOR Injectable Solution is packaged in 100 mL (NDC 0061-1116-04), 250 mL (NDC 0061-1116-05), and 500 mL (NDC 0061-1116-06) glass sterile multiple-dose vials.

REFERENCE 1. Lobell RD, Varma KJ, et al. Pharmacokinetics of florfenicol following intravenous and intramuscular doses to cattle. J Vet Pharmacol Therap. 1994;17:253-258.

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Florfenicol (active ingred.) made in China. Formulated in Germany. Rev. 03/2019